

M.Sc.(Maths.) Semester - 3 (CBCS) Examination
Oct/Nov-2022 (NEW COURSE)
Discrete Mathematics (Core (New))

Time: 2:30 Hours

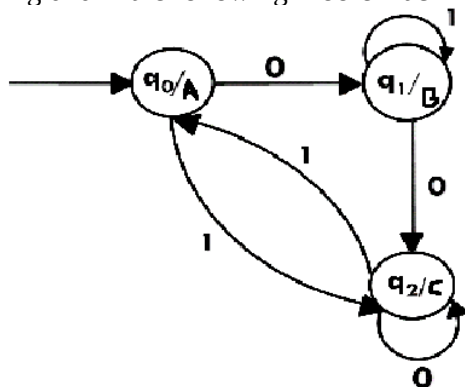
Marks: 70

Instructions:

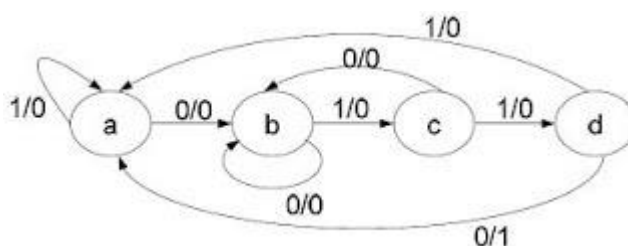
1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate marks.

- Q.1 (a)** State and Prove Fundamental Theorem of Homomorphism of groups. **4 Marks**
- Q.1 (b) Answer any two** **10 Marks**
- (1) Define Quotient Group. Prove that $\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$ is quotient group. 5
 - (2) Define Transitive Closure. State and Prove necessary and sufficient condition for Transitive closure. 5
 - (3) Prove that every monoid has Unique identity and unique inverse. 5
- Q.2 (a)** Define Homomorphism of lattices. Prove that (S_8, D) & $(A, \leq)$ are homomorphic. Where $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ **4 Marks**
- Q.2 (b) Answer any two** **10 Marks**
- (1) Using K map minimize the following Boolean Expression 5

$$\alpha(x, y, z, t) = x y' + x y t + x' t' + x' y z t$$
 - (2) Define Boolean Function. Find the value of $\alpha(0, 0, 1)$ for the Boolean expression $\alpha(x, y, z) = \Sigma(1, 2, 4, 6)$ 5
 - (3) Express the following as equivalent of PoS & SoP Canonical Form for Boolean Expression $\alpha(x, y, z) = x' + y z'$ 5
- Q.3 (a)** State and Prove Pumping Lemma. **4 Marks**
- Q.3 (b) Answer any two.** **10 Marks**
- (1) Define Moore machine. Construct transition table and find the output of the string 010 in the following Moore machine. 5



- (2) What is language? Write down operations on languages. 5
- (3) FSM M is given by transition diagram. 5
 (1) Determine the machine (2) Construct input-output table. Check whether the string is accepted by the machine? String: 1011.



- Q.4 (a)** Define Quantifiers. State & explain the rules of inference. **4 Marks**
- Q.4 (b)** **Answer any two** **10 Marks**
- (1) Define tautology. Prove the following statement formula is tautology ,using truth table: $(p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)) \equiv (p \wedge q) \rightarrow r$ **5**
- (2) Define Statement. Check the validity of the argument using logical connectives. “If two sides of a triangle are equal, then the opposite angles are equal. Two sides of a triangle are not equal. The opposite angles are not equal.” **5**
- (3) Define n-place predicate. Check the validity of the argument using predicate and quantifiers. “Everyone who knows english well then get a good job. Ram did not get the good job. So he did not know English well.” **5**
- Q.5 (a)** Suppose that G is an $n \times k$ standard generator matrix. Then Show that $C = \{y: Gx=y \text{ for } x \in Z_2^K\}$ is an (n,k) -block group code. **4 Marks**
- Q.5 (b)** **Answer any two** **10 Marks**
- (1) Let C be Binary(6,3) code with parity check matrix **5**
- $$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
- (1) Find the cost leaders and their syndromes.
- (2) Use syndrome decoding to decode the received vector: 110000
- (2) Let C be the binary linear code with generator matrix **5**
- $$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
- Write down a parity check matrix H for C. Explain how the minimum distance of C may be deduced from H. Find d(C).
- (3) Find the generator matrix of C. The parity check matrix is simply obtained from H as, **5**
- $$G = [A^T \cdot I_3] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
